



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 22/Apr/2015

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product Description: **POLYLITE® 33199-00 OFF GRADE**

Other means of identification

SAP ID(s): 5951 ; 5952; 5953
Material Code: 33199-00
Chemical Family: Polyester Resin

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Intended Use: Laminating Resin
Uses advised against: No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Reichhold LLC 2
Corporate Headquarters
P.O. Box 13582
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
USA
Tel +1-919-990-7500
Fax +1-919-767-8602

Emergency Telephone

(Chemtrec) 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Carcinogenicity	Sub-category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3
Flammable liquids	Category 3

Label elements

Emergency Overview Statements

Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if inhaled
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause cancer
May cause respiratory irritation
Causes damage to hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Flammable liquid and vapor

**Appearance** Amber Opaque**Physical State** Liquid**Odor** Pungent**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
 Use personal protective equipment as required
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
 Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
 Keep container tightly closed
 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
 Use only non-sparking tools
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge
 Keep cool
 Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
 In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant
 Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**Other Information**

May be harmful if swallowed
 May be harmful in contact with skin
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
 Toxic to aquatic life

Unknown acute toxicity
 Unknown aquatic toxicity

55% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.
 55% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Polyester Resin	Proprietary	47.5 - 62.5	
Styrene	100-42-5	37.5 - 52.5	

If CAS number is "proprietary", the specific chemical identity has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off with warm water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. This material may enter the lungs during vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Most Important Symptoms and Effects	Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically.
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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, Dry chemical, Water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products	Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and irritating or toxic vapors and gases
Combustion/Explosion Hazards	Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance. This material may polymerize (react) when its container is exposed to heat (as during a fire). This polymerization increases pressure inside a closed container and may result in the violent rupture of the container. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing. Thoroughly decontaminate all protective equipment after use. Evacuate all persons from the fire area to a safe location. Move non-burning material, as feasible, to a safe location as soon as possible. Fire fighters should be protected from potential explosion hazard while extinguishing the blaze. DO NOT extinguish a fire resulting from the flow of this flammable liquid until the flow of liquid is effectively shut off. This precaution will help prevent the accumulation of an explosive vapor-air mixture after the initial fire is extinguished. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures****Personal Precautions**

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental Precautions**Environmental Precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**Methods for Containment**

Prevent spilled material from 1) contaminating soil, 2) entering sanitary sewers, storm sewers, and drainage systems, and 3) entering bodies of water or ditches that lead to waterways. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Methods for Clean-up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove from surface water (e.g. by skimming or siphoning). Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Precautions for Safe Handling****Handling**

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Consult your supplier of promoters and catalysts for additional instructions on proper mixing and usage. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**Storage**

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. To ensure maximum stability and maintain optimum resin properties, resins should be stored in closed containers at temperatures below 77°F (25°C).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Exposure limits**

Styrene (CAS #: 100-42-5)

ACGIH TLV	20 ppm TWA 40 ppm STEL A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
OSHA PEL	100 ppm TWA 200 ppm Ceiling
Industry PEL	While the federal workplace exposure limit for styrene is 100 ppm, OSHA accepted the styrene industry's proposal to voluntarily meet a PEL of 50 ppm on an 8 hour TWA and a Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) of 100 ppm, 15 minute exposure.
Canada - Alberta OELs	40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m ³ STEL 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m ³ TWA
Canada - Ontario OELs	35 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL
Canada - British Columbia OELs	50 ppm TWA 75 ppm STEL
NIOSH IDLH	700 ppm Immediately dangerous to life or health IDLH
Mexico OEL	100 ppm STEL 425 mg/m ³ STEL 50 ppm TWA 215 mg/m ³ TWA (skin)

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TLV® (Threshold Limit Value)

TWA (time-weighted average)

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

SKIN: Skin Absorption

Appropriate engineering controls**Engineering Controls**

Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face Protection**

Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur. Tight sealing safety goggles. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin Protection

Wear protective nitrile rubber or Viton™ gloves. Gloves made of nitrile rubber or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) may be used for splash protection and brief or intermittent contact with styrenated polyester resin. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. Impervious clothing. Rubber or plastic boots.

Respiratory Protection

None required if hazards have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limits listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and particulate filters where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits in Section 8 and/or there is exposure to dust or mists due to sanding, grinding, cutting, or spraying. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with emergency escape provisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, airborne concentrations are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Amber Opaque
Odor	Pungent
Odor Threshold	0.2 ppm (Styrene)
Physical State	Liquid
pH	No information available
Flash Point	32 °C / 89 °F
Flash Point Method:	Seta closed cup
Autoignition Temperature	490°C / 914°F (Styrene)
Boiling point / boiling range	146°C / 295°F (Styrene)
Melting point / Freezing point	No information available
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower	1.1% (Styrene)
Upper	6.1% (Styrene)
Specific Gravity	1.00 - 1.20 @ 25°C
Solubility	Insoluble (Water)
Evaporation Rate	0.49 (BuAc = 1) (Styrene)
Vapor Pressure	5 mmHg @ 20°C (Styrene) 6.7 hPa (Styrene)
Vapor Density	3.6 (Air = 1) (Styrene)
Explosive Properties	No information available
Oxidizing Properties	No information available
Percent Volatile, wt. %	37.5 - 52.5 % by weight
VOC Content:	518 g/l (calculated) product as supplied
Viscosity	350 - 450 cps @ 25°C
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	No information available
Decomposition temperature	No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization

Polymerization can occur. Hazardous polymerization will occur if contaminated with peroxides, metal salts and polymerization catalysts. Product will undergo hazardous polymerization at temperatures above 150 F (65 C).

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Contamination by those materials referred to under Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Metal salts. Polymerization catalysts.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Primary Routes of Entry

Eye contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Contact, Skin absorption

Acute toxicity

Styrene	
Oral LD50	= 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal LD50	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)
Inhalation LC50	= 11.8 mg/l (4 H) (Rat)

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eyes	Irritating to eyes.
Skin	Harmful by skin absorption. Contact causes skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion is not an anticipated route of exposure for this material in industrial use.
Sensitization	Not sensitizing.
Repeated dose toxicity	In humans, styrene may cause a transient decrease in color discrimination and effects on hearing. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to defatting properties of the product. May cause damage to the kidneys, liver, eyes, brain, respiratory system, central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Mutagenic effects	Styrene has given mixed positive and negative results in a number of mutagenicity tests. Styrene was not mutagenic without metabolic activation but gave negative and positive mutagenic results with metabolic activation.

Carcinogenicity**Styrene**

ACGIH	Group A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
IARC	Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
NTP	Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicology Program
ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Reproductive Toxicity	No information available.
Neurological Effects	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Target organ(s)	Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system (CNS), Respiratory system.
Aspiration Hazard	No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown acute toxicity 55% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 5000 mg/kg

ATEmix (dermal)	2001 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	11.8 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Styrene

Log Kow	2.95
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	74
Algae	EC50 = 1.4 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h) EC50 0.46 - 4.3 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)
Fish	LC50 3.24 - 4.99 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) flow-through LC50 19.03 - 33.53 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h) static LC50 6.75 - 14.5 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) static LC50 58.75 - 95.32 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96 h) static
Water Flea	EC50 3.3 - 7.4 mg/L 48 h

Unknown aquatic toxicity

55% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal Considerations

Hazardous waste. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

US EPA Waste Number

D001 (IGNITABLE): When discarded in its purchased form, this material would be regulated under 40 CFR 261.21 as EPA Hazardous Waste Number D001 based on the characteristic of ignitability.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-No	UN1866
Proper Shipping Name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III
NAERG:	127

TDG

UN-No	UN1866
Proper Shipping Name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class	CLASS 3
Packing Group	PG III
NAERG:	127

MEX

UN-No UN1866
Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class CLASS 3
Packing Group PG III
NAERG: 127

IATA

UN-No UN1866
Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III
Packing Instructions 355; 366
NAERG: 127

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1866
Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class CLASS 3
Packing Group PG III
EmS-No F-E, S-E
NAERG: 127

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

US Federal Regulations**SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 Status
Styrene	100-42-5	37.5 - 52.5	Listed

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard Yes

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following listed substances:

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Styrene 100-42-5	1000 lb			Listed

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	HAPS data
Styrene	100-42-5	37.5 - 52.5	

CERCLA

This product contains the following reportable quantities:

Component	40 CFR 302.4 RQ	40 CFR 355 EHS TPQs

Styrene	1000 lb 454 kg	
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State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This material contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. The California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 requires that clear and reasonable warning be given prior to exposing any person to this chemical.

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating

Health 2

Flammability 3

Instability 1

Prepared By

Reichhold Product Regulatory Department
Phone Number: 919-990-7500

Revision Date:

22/Apr/2015

Revision Summary:

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s):
2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15

Former date:

19 July 2012

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End of Safety Data Sheet